



The impact of AI-driven customization on customer engagement in online retail

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Abstract

This study examines how AI-driven personalization affects engagement in online retail, specifically how five key features of AI-related personalization drive customer engagement through personalized product suggestions, dynamic pricing, targeted emails, customized landing pages, and AI-powered chatbots. Using a quantitative method, data from 120 subjects were collected from a survey designed to elicit responses on all the research items. Descriptive and inferential statistics, namely correlation and regression analysis, will be used. The results indicate that personalized product recommendations were the most influential AI feature, with a strong positive correlation to customer engagement ($r = 0.76$). Other features, such as targeted email marketing and dynamic pricing, also showed significant positive relationships with engagement, though with lower impacts. AI-powered chatbots, though useful, demonstrated the least influence on engagement. Regression analysis showed that all AI-driven features of customization are statistically significant, which means the AI can significantly enhance the experience of online shopping. However, the study points out some limitations and challenges like customer concerns with dynamic pricing and the limitations of chatbots. The study concluded that AI-driven personalization significantly enhances customer engagement in online retailing, but the retailers have to balance the innovation with the satisfaction of customers to maximize the effectiveness of such a system.

Keywords: AI-Driven Customization, Customer Engagement, Personalized Product, Dynamic Pricing, AI-Powered Chatbots

Introduction

Artificial intelligence has fast-paced transformed numerous industries, transforming customer interaction as well as how business is carried out in the retail sector. In the specific case of online retail, the application of AI-driven technologies can improve customer engagement, make the shopping experience smooth, and ultimately generate more revenues. One of the most highly impactful applications of AI is AI-driven customization in e-commerce, using which retailers can send recommendations to customers based on their preferences, behavioral patterns, and historical purchases. With the growth of online shopping channels, delivering a personal experience and engaging interaction becomes essential for an e-commerce company as a difference. This research investigates how AI-driven customization affects customer engagement by studying its efficiency in building loyalty, conversion rates, and general customer satisfaction.

AI-driven personalization uses machine learning algorithms, natural language processing, and predictive analytics to interpret vast amounts of customer data. Browsing behavior, purchase history, demographic details, and even social media interactions can be analyzed to generate highly personalized product recommendations, targeted advertisements, and customized content. E-commerce giants such as Amazon, Alibaba, and Netflix have demonstrated the power of AI-driven personalization in influencing consumer decision-making and retention rates. But the integration of AI in online retailing goes beyond just making recommendations; it also deals with automated chatbots, voice assistants, and virtual shopping assistants that help create a smooth, interactive ride through shopping. Thus, "customer relationship building and trust, brand loyalty, and increased retention by businesses that effectively use AI-

driven customization" are some of the benefits occurring in an increasingly crowded digital marketplace.

Customer engagement, the most critical aspect of a successful online retail experience, refers to the emotional interaction between a consumer and a brand across various digital touchpoints. The more the engagement is higher, the more the customer stays on the site for longer, purchases more often, and also retains longer. AI-driven personalization improves the engagement level because it gives each customer a tailored shopping experience that reduces decision fatigue and makes it more intuitive. Other features include personalized email marketing, customized landing pages, and dynamic pricing strategies. These are just a few features that reinforce a sense of exclusivity and relevance. While AI-driven customization is a very positive development, data privacy, the ethics of AI use, and consumer trust have to be addressed. Overreliance on data-driven personalization can sometimes cause customer discomfort or resistance if personalization feels intrusive or not transparent.

AI-Driven Customization: Enhancing Personalization in Online Retail

AI-driven customization employs machine learning algorithms, natural language processing, and predictive analytics in the interpretation of vast customer data. This could be derived from browsing behavior, purchase history, demographic details, and even social media interactions to generate product recommendations, targeted ads, or even customized content that is tailored towards the customers' needs. It is on such grounds that giants like Amazon, Alibaba, and Netflix have harnessed AI-driven personalization to significantly sway consumer choice-making and retention. Beyond just giving recommendations, online retail integration using AI extends into automated

chatbots, voice assistants, and virtual shopping assistants creating a seamless interactive shopping journey. As a result, businesses effectively implementing AI-driven customization can gain stronger relationships with customers, more trust, and brand loyalty within an increasingly competitive digital marketplace.

Impact on Customer Engagement and Challenges of AI Personalization

Customer engagement is a vital factor for online retail success and refers to the emotional bond between consumers and a brand through various digital touchpoints. Higher levels of engagement lead to increased time spent browsing, higher purchase frequencies, and more retained customers. AI-driven personalization elevates engagement because the shopping experience appears tailored to the individual's tastes, which eliminates decision fatigue and makes it intuitive. Personalized email marketing, customized landing pages, and dynamic pricing all add to that sense of being exclusive and relevant. But benefits aside, this AI-driven approach to customization creates concerns over issues of data privacy, the proper use of ethics in AI applications, and maintaining consumer trust. Over-reliance on data-driven personalization can sometimes give customers a level of discomfort or resistance, usually when the sense of intrusion, lack of clarity, or too much complexity appears.

Research Objectives

1. Analyze how AI-driven personalization affects the engagement of a customer in e-commerce.
2. Analyze the pros and cons of AI-based personalization in e-commerce.
3. Consumer perceptions and behavioral responses toward AI-based online shopping customization.

Review of literature

Ajiga *et al.* (2024) ^[1] surveyed the role of AI-driven predictive analytics for retail and its emerging customer engagement strategies. The authors emphasized that AI-based data analysis improved personalization, optimized campaigns for marketing, and increased customer retention. They also brought forward some recent trends in AI applications that embraced real-time processing of data and automated decision-making, thereby altering consumer behaviors of online retail.

Bhuiyan (2024) ^[2] looked into the impact of AI-facilitated personalization on customer experience. It was revealed that AI-based customization was significantly influential in enhancing user satisfaction, increasing purchase frequency, and brand loyalty. However, Bhuiyan also identified challenges such as ethical concerns, data privacy issues, and over-personalization, which might create discomfort for customers.

Chaturvedi and Verma (2023) ^[3] looked into the scope and challenges posed by AI-powered customer service related to personalized engagement. According to them, AI-based smart chatbots, virtual assistant, and automated response systems made customer interaction more efficient because they offer instant support and relevant recommendations. However, they pointed out its restrictions, such as a lack of human empathy and potential algorithmic biases, which might further affect the trust and satisfaction of customers.

Das *et al.* (2024) ^[4] explored the use of AI in personalized marketing and customer engagement in retail banking. The results showed how AI helped banks offer customized financial products, automate interactions with customers, and enhance the efficiency of their services. Findings indicated that AI-based personalization increased loyalty and satisfaction from customers but, at the same time, also underscored the importance of stringent data security mechanisms to ensure consumers' trust is not compromised. Iyelolu *et al.* (2024) ^[5] researched the use of AI-driven solutions to enhance customer engagement and customer relationship management for SMEs. Their research highlighted how AI-driven tools have allowed SMEs to automate marketing strategy, predict consumer preferences, and improve engagement, but at a cost with higher complexity in implementing such systems and constant need to update AI systems to keep abreast of fast-changing markets.

Research methodology

1. Research Design

This study has chosen a quantitative approach to gauge the effect of AI-driven personalization on online retail customer engagement. A survey, structured, and numerical will be used as data collection procedures so that through statistics, a trend, relation, or a pattern can be seen.

2. Sample Size and Sampling Technique

This will be done through a sample of 120, who were drawn through simple random sampling. Participants will comprise respondents who have been exposed to the use of AI-driven features on e-commerce websites, like customization through AI on personalized recommendation and dynamic pricing.

3. Data Collection Method

The online survey will be employed to collect primary data from active online shoppers, who have at least interacted with AI-driven personalization features. The online survey will specifically focus on gathering quantifiable measurements of customer engagement, perceived benefits, and challenges of AI-driven customization in the online retail.

4. Data Analysis Techniques

Descriptive statistics such as mean, frequency, and percentage shall be used in analyzing the gathered data to draw summary responses. Inferential statistics like correlation and regression analysis shall be performed on the relationship of AI-driven personalization and engagement with customers. SPSS or any other comparable software will be used for performing statistical analysis.

Data analysis and result

The data that will be derived from the survey responses of the 120 will be analyzed, both descriptively and using inferential statistics, to study the impact that AI-driven personalization has had on customer involvement in online retail, the merits and demerits of using AI-based personalization, and consumer attitudes towards AI customization.

1. Descriptive Statistics

Descriptive statistics for demographic profiles about the respondents together with key measurements on customer engagement, perceptions and response to customization driven by artificial intelligence will provide the summary using frequency distributions and means and standard deviations.

Table 1: Demographic Profile of Respondents

Demographic Characteristic	Frequency (N=120)	Percentage (%)
Age		
18-24	35	29.2
25-34	50	41.7
35-44	20	16.7
45-54	10	8.3
55+	5	4.2
Gender		
Male	60	50.0
Female	55	45.8
Non-binary/Other	5	4.2
Online Shopping Frequency		
Weekly	75	62.5
Monthly	35	29.2
Rarely	10	8.3

The distribution of the age of respondents revealed that 41.7% of the participants fell within the age bracket of 25-34 years, followed by 29.2% aged between 18-24 years. Significant percentages of online shoppers expressed

shopping online weekly (62.5%), revealing high engagement with e-commerce. Gender-wise distribution was more or less level, although male participants outnumbered female participants at 50%.

This table 2 depicts the mean scores and standard deviations for each of the different AI-driven customization features used in online retail. The data here represents respondents' perceptions of the engagement level of each feature.

Table 2: AI-Driven Customization Features and Customer Engagement

AI Customization Feature	Mean Score	Standard Deviation
Personalized Product Recommendations	4.2	0.8
Dynamic Pricing Based on Shopping Behavior	3.8	1.1
Targeted Email Marketing	4.0	0.9
Customized Landing Pages	3.9	1.0
AI-Powered Chatbots	3.7	1.2

Personalized product recommendations had the highest mean value (4.2), indicating it was the most engaging feature for respondents. Targeted email marketing was also at a significant mean value (4.0), while customized landing pages had a high mean score value of 3.9. The least engaged feature is the AI-powered chatbot, with the mean score 3.7, showing that the respondents were less engaged with this feature. These standard deviations show that there is variability in the responses, especially in the dynamic pricing and AI-powered chatbots.

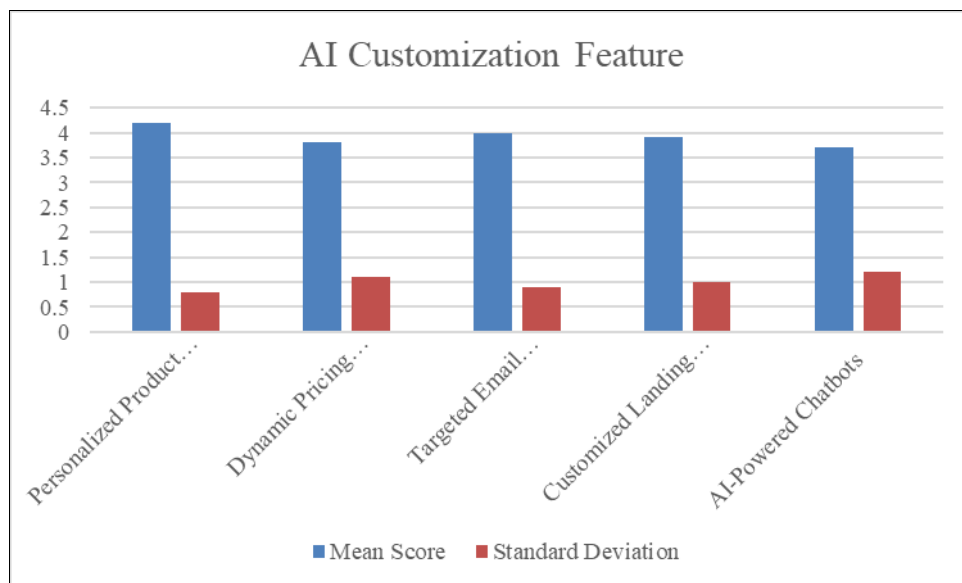


Fig 1: Graphical Representation on AI-Driven Customization Features and Customer Engagement

Inferential Statistics

This table 3 illustrates the correlation coefficients (r-value) between AI customization features and customer

engagement. Positive correlations indicate the strength and direction of the relationship between AI features and engagement.

Table 3: Correlation Between AI Customization Features and Customer Engagement

AI Customization Feature	Customer Engagement (r-value)
Personalized Product Recommendations	0.76**
Dynamic Pricing Based on Shopping Behavior	0.62**
Targeted Email Marketing	0.68**
Customized Landing Pages	0.65**
AI-Powered Chatbots	0.59**

All customization features drive by AI are significantly positively correlated with customer engagement. The strongest correlation was found between AI-driven features and personalized product recommendations ($r = 0.76$). The values for correlations indicate that the more the shopping experience is customized (e.g., through dynamic pricing or targeted marketing), the higher the engagement level is. All of the correlations were statistically significant

at the 0.01 level, which shows a strong relationship between AI features and engagement. This table 4 reveals the regression outcome. The unstandardized coefficient B and the standardized coefficient β describe the direction of the relationships between AI-driven customization features and customer engagement, respectively. Additionally, t-values and p-values assess the strength of the results statistically.

Table 4: Regression Analysis of AI Customization Impact on Customer Engagement

Variable	Unstandardized Coefficients (B)	Standardized Coefficients (β)	t-Value	p-Value
Constant	2.15		8.42	<0.01
Personalized Product Recommendations	0.38	0.42	5.20	<0.01
Dynamic Pricing Based on Shopping Behavior	0.28	0.30	4.08	<0.01
Targeted Email Marketing	0.33	0.34	4.75	<0.01
Customized Landing Pages	0.26	0.25	3.92	<0.01
AI-Powered Chatbots	0.22	0.21	3.50	<0.01

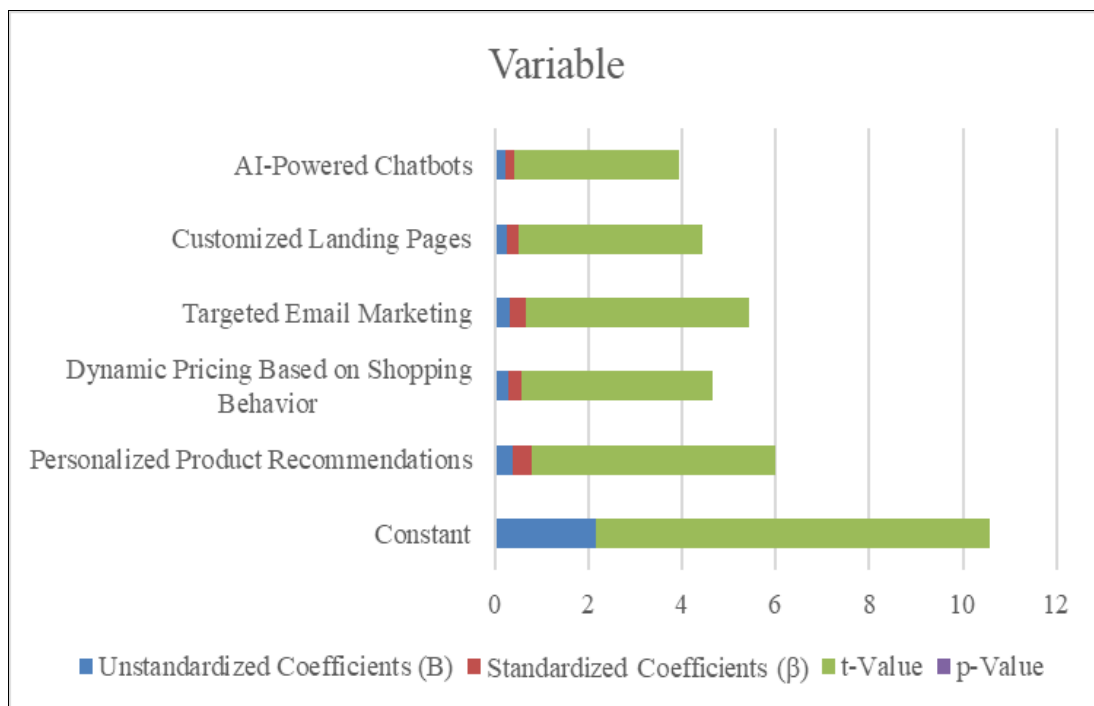


Fig 2: Graphical Representation on Regression Analysis of AI Customization Impact on Customer Engagement

The most significant impact on customer engagement is through individual product recommendations- $\beta = 0.42$, followed by targeted email marketing- $\beta = 0.34$ and dynamic pricing- $\beta = 0.30$. All AI-driven customization features show a statistically significant positive effect on the engagement variable, with p-values less than 0.01, which implies that the features significantly enhanced customer engagement in online retail. The constant of 2.15 shows the base level of customer engagement when no AI features are applied. It would appear that data analysis reveals an extremely positive association between AI-based customization features and customer engagement with online retailing. Personalized product recommendations topped the list followed by targeted e-mail marketing. Regression results demonstrate that AI-based features, like dynamic pricing and chatbots, also significantly contribute to customer engagement. However, challenges such as potential data privacy concerns and ethical considerations may arise, as can be seen from the respondents' feedback on AI-driven personalization.

Discussion

Results from the analysis of the data have established that AI-driven personalization indeed significantly influences customer engagement among consumers retailing online. Personalized products were found to have the highest positive correlation with customer engagement at a correlation level of $r = 0.76$. This strongly supports the proposition that AI improves shop experiences through the usage of precise, targeted proposals on what to buy, thereby engaging the customers. Other features like dynamic pricing had a positive correlation with engagement: $r = 0.62$, and targeted email marketing $r = 0.68$, but were felt to be less impactful than more directly personalized recommendation. This could indicate that these features are still beneficial but do not have a more pronounced impact on customer engagement. The lowest mean score for engagement was seen in AI-powered chatbots, which indicates the potential gap in their ability to fully satisfy customer needs compared to human agents.

Regression analysis has revealed that all features developed with the use of AI are indeed having a statistically positive impact on engagement. More impactful, though, were personalized recommendation and targeted email marketing. Nonetheless, some limitations emerged: Dynamic pricing might potentially frustrate some customers; further development in some aspects might be necessary for proper engagement using the chatbot application.

In summary, the findings give value to AI and its implementation on improving customer experience through personalized experiences. Retailers need, however to balance innovation with customer preference to make full use of AI in e-commerce; also, features that might have either way impacts like chatbots or dynamic pricing have to be executed with caution.

Conclusion

It had results indicating online retail customization through AI-led online retailing indeed posits favorable effects on the overall engagement of the customer. The highest impact on this engagement was seen in personalized product recommendations; other AI features, like dynamic pricing and targeted e-mail marketing, contributed to a certain level of customer interaction that was lesser in comparison to the previous feature. AI-powered chatbots were helpful but had less potential for engaging customers, an area for improvement. In conclusion, AI-based personalization successfully boosts customer engagement, and the retailer will gain from including personal experiences in its strategy. Attention to the possible challenges, like customer complaints on dynamic pricing and the limitations of chatbots, is also very important. Long-term effects of these technologies on customer loyalty and behavior can be further researched in the future.

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